

# The Newport Mercury

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## THE MERCURY

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tion of the Proprietors) until arrears are paid.

## Weekly Almanac.

DECEMBER, 1849.

Sun Sun Moon High

1 SATURDAY, 7 24 4 36 6 44 9 57

2 SUNDAY, 7 25 4 35 7 49 10 59

3 MONDAY, 7 26 4 34 8 55 11 59

4 TUESDAY, 7 27 4 33 10 1 0

5 WEDNESDAY, 7 27 4 33 10 10 1 47

6 THURSDAY, 7 28 4 32 11 2 37

7 FRIDAY, 7 28 4 32 0 14 3 36

Moon's last qtr., 6th day, 2d hour, 18m evening.

## SELECTED POETRY.

### THE WREATH OF SNOWDROPS.

O take away your snowdrops pale, I cannot bear

the sight,

They were woven in our Ada's hair upon her bridal

night;

And fairer seemed the snowy buds than India's

rarest pearls,

And fairer than them both the brow that beamed

her curls.

That lily brow, those tresses dark, oh ne'er so

fair a bride

Hath trembled at the altar-place her chosen one

beside;

And never heart more fond and pure a wedding

gift was brought,

Than Ada's in its sinlessness, its sweet and ear-

nest thought.

The snowy robe, and lily brow, and bridal garland

pale,

And dark bright tresses shining through the sil-

ver-woven veil;

The delicately tinted cheek, the bright lip's sweet

unrest,

That trembled all unconsciously to the pulse

within her breast;

The drooping eyelash glittering with bright and

happy tears—

The memory of that bridal night hath haunted

me for years;

But take away your snow-drop wreath, I cannot

bear the sight

I saw it on our Ada's brow upon another night.

Another night—oh, if her brow out-paled the

wreath before,

Sure nothing earthly could have matched the

white her cheek then wore;

So pallid that the tracery of the blue delicate vein

Upon the temple passed away, and all its violet

stain.

Gone was all light and radiance; with moveless

lip and limb,

Shelisted to the dreadful words they whispered

her of him:

The husband of her bridehood false!—her

frightened soul seemed flown,

And the pale snow-drops wreathed a brow above

a heart of stone.

Oh beautiful, most beautiful, but like a marble

vase,

Whence light and perfume both are fled, the

showing of her soul!

For fearfully and fatally the sudden terror came,

And quenched her life as would the sea a little

incense flame:

And standing like a hindoo girl who sees her

lamp expire,

Her soul died out as music dies along a shiver-

ing lyre:

That night the wreath that decked the bride was

loosened from her hair,

And the bright tresses straightened back with

still and reverent care.

But soon again a pale, pale wreath was woven

white as snow—

We could not bear that e'er the grave should wit-

ness to her woe:

We twined them with her braided hair, and

placed them on her breast,

And laid her gently down to sleep, in a sweet

place of rest.

And these, fair buds bring back that scene, and

the two that went before;

Then bring to bind around my brow, your snowy

wreath no more;

For fairer though they be than pearls, I cannot

bear the sight

Of snowdrops woven in a wreath, since that re-

membered night.

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROVI-

DENCE PLANTATIONS.

In General Assembly, October Session, 1849.

AN ACT in amendment of the several acts in

relation to hawking and peddling without a li-

## SELECTED TALE.

### MARY TREVOR;

#### OR, THE SLEEPING BEAUTY.

"What say you to a stroll, Harry, in

those fine old woods?" said Frank Carson,

to his friend, as they emerged from the din-

ing-room of the little inn at Rockbridge.

"Agreed!" replied his friend.

The two young men we have thus intro-

duced to the reader had left the city, for a

week, to enjoy the trout-fishing of this ce-

lebrated vicinity. Their dress, air and man-

ners bespoke them fortune's favored chil-

dren. The first speaker had a tall, com-

manding figure, and a countenance of great

intellectual beauty. His companion was

scarcely less distinguished by manly beauty,

but it was of a less elevated kind; his face

indeed spoke of one in high good humor

both with the world and with himself.

Frank Carson and his more mercurial

friend accordingly sallied forth. After

crossing a few fields, they entered the wood

to which our hero had pointed, a noble

piece of forest, probably centuries old. A

deep gloom pervaded its recesses; except

here and there where a steam of sunshine,

breaking through the giant trees, flooded

the soft turf with golden light.

"This is grand," said Frank, "how one

could enjoy Shakespeare here! Think of

reading 'As You Like It' in a spot like

this."

"Ay! and there is a Rosalind," suddenly

exclaimed Harry.

"Where?" said Frank.

"Here—on that bank," said Harry,

pointing through the trees.

On a gently sloping bank, fast asleep,

carelessly reclined a young and beautiful

girl. Her face was turned towards the

strangers. The lips were half parted in a

smile; and the soft, mellow sunlight that

gushed through a gap just behind her, kissed

her cheek, then slumbered on the green-

sward at her side. One hand hung care-

lessly down, feebly retaining in its relaxed

hold the wild flowers she had been gather-

ing. Her left shoulder was thrown some-

what into relief by the position in which

she lay, half revealing the snowy bosom

which rose and fell with her breathing.

The warm glow of the afternoon light en-

gaged this, as well as her whole figure in

rosy and soft tints.

A noble dog half slumbered beside

her, but as Harry unconsciously uttered

an exclamation of surprise at so much beauty,

the animal looked up in the direction of

the sound, and showing his white teeth

growled.

"Hush!" said Frank in a whisper, "or

the charm is broken."

"It is too late," replied his friend, "see,

she stirs."

The growl of the dog had indeed aroused

the maiden. She rose half up languidly

and looked around, but catching sight of

the half concealed strangers bounded hastily

away.

"Off, like a startled deer! I should like

to know where she lives. This is better

than trout-fishing," said Harry with glee.

"She is very beautiful," said Frank ab-

stracted, "and then what an air of modesty!

I never saw so charming a blush."

"Tut, man, you are in love already,"

said Harry with a laugh. "What fun I

shall have, if you take into your head to

woo this pretty shepherdess, who, I warrant,

is a little simpleton and knows nothing but

her catechism."

"Here is a handkerchief she has dropped

in her flight," said his companion, picking

it up.

"A very pretty name she has, 'Mary

Trevor," let me follow her, like a true

knight, and restore the prize."

"Not now—she is too frightened already,"

replied Frank, quietly placing the handker-

chief in his pocket. "Let us turn back."

The two friends accordingly soon re-

gained the inn. Here Harry solaced him-

self with a cigar and then a siesta, nor did he

awake until dark, when he found his com-

panion had gone out. In about half an

hour Frank returned.

"You have been stealing a march on me

—eh!" said Harry, as his friend came in,

"you have been taking back Miss Trevor's

handkerchief. Your face pleads guilty."

"Well is she a dowdy, or dunce or both?"

"Neither," said Frank, with a tone of

slight displeasure.

"More in love than before, I declare,"

said Harry. "Only to think that Frank

Carson—rich, handsome and courted—

should for three winters escape the snares

of our dashing city belles, yet be caught at

last by a country pumpkin's daughter, who

makes butter, milks the cows, and digs po-

tatoes," and Harry lay back on the sofa and

laughed immoderately at the image he had

conjured up.

"I'm not in love, by any means," said

Frank, "but I would as willingly marry a

country girl as one city bred."

"The deuce you would, I'd as leaf

commit suicide at once, as to do so crazy

a thing," rejoined Harry.

"Take care of yourself then."

"Why is Miss Trevor really so fascinat-

ing?" said Harry incredulously.

"If I may judge by a half hour's visit she

is. Her mind is well stored and her opin-

ions sound. Then she is the most graceful

creature I ever saw."

"A country girl as graceful as Miss Dan-

ton, or Ellen Rush, or others of our city

belles—tell it not in Gath!"

"If you doubt me, come and see your

self to-morrow."

"Very well—but even if she proves as

conversable as you say, I should think my-

self insane to fall in love with her, or with

any country girl, without style, fortune or

connexions."

On the next evening the friends called,

and Harry was surprised to meet a grace-

ful and well educated female, where he had

expected to find an ignorant and dowdy

Miss Trevor. At first, indeed Miss Trevor was

a little embarrassed, but this soon wore off

and she conversed with ease and spirit.—

Miss Trevor had read a great deal, and

read, too, with taste; her table was well

supplied with the magazines of the day, the

last volume of poems, and more severe

works: she was altogether a person whose

talents, apart from her beauty, would have

made her distinguished anywhere. Frank

evidently listened to her with growing in-

terest. Harry, however, on leaving, said

she would do very well to flirt with, but

that for his part, he wished a wife who knew

city manners.

"She is graceful, intelligent, and even

witty," he said, "but there is a certain air

belonging to our town beauties which is

wanting here. And then her dress!—why

it is in our last year's style, and well worn

at that."

"But you must admit it suits her com-

plexion."

"And so it would her grandmother."

Evening after evening the two friends,

however, were found at the cottage of our

heroine. The week which Frank and

Harry had originally determined to spend

in trout-fishing, was extended to a month,

yet still the two friends lingered. Harry,

at first, had several imitated disputes with

his friend in reference to Miss Trevor's

manners; now she laughed too loud, now

she was too independent in her remarks,

now her bearing wanted something, he knew

not what, which a high-bred lady should

have. Occasionally he quizzed her some-

what scanty wardrobe. But these discus-

sions gradually became less frequent, and

finally ceased altogether.

Frank, meantime, was seriously in love;

and for the first time in his life. But he

almost despaired, for while Miss Trevor

always listened to him with attention, her

smiles and her interest seemed wholly en-

g



pushed out the coat-tail, and fastening the entrance, beat a retreat again. The outsiders stormed, but it was no use; they therefore, concluded to pick up the trophy, beat it along to some open establishment, and hold a jollification over its rescue. The owner recovered his package of money, and wished to retreat, but they were in no mood to part with him they wished to heal all differences before they separated, drink the health of the lady named in the recaptured document, and fill out an order for a new wedding suit. The stranger was forced to yield, and we need not add, that he got home very late the next morning.

The day had grown old before the victim was able to visit his bride, and of course she pouted a little, but on his promise to assign sufficient cause at the wedding, the arrangement was allowed to proceed. As he promised, so did he faithfully rehearse the above facts, and pledged his forgiving young wife that he would hereafter try and keep his tail out of such night scrapes!

#### RAW FISH DANCE.

We take the following curious and interesting description of one of the peculiar ceremonies of the Dakota or Sioux Indians, from a private letter, written to a friend in Cambridge, by Mr. J. W. Hancock, a missionary among them. He obtained the subjoined account from Dr. Williamson, the missionary at Kaposia station near Fort Snelling, where the ceremony took place.

**DAKOTA CEREMONIES.—Eating Raw Fish.**—Hearing that the Dakotas were about to go through this ceremony, we proceeded to the spot. A short distance from the village, an irregular oval space, about twenty-five feet long and 13 wide, was enclosed by a row of willow bushes stuck in the ground. Near the centre of the space were two fish, fresh caught, weighing 10 or 15 pounds each. One was of the kind called buffalo fish, which lay upon a bunch of sweet fern. The other was a cat-fish, and lay upon some dried grass. Several bushes were placed in the ground near the fish, so as to form a slight arbor over them. At one end of the space was a Dakota tent, made of skins sewed together, with an opening into the enclosure. Within the tent a number of men could be seen beating small rude drums, and singing Ha-yeh-yeh-yeh, Ha-yeh-yeh-yeh, Ho-wo-wo-wo, Ho-wo-wo-wo. Presently six men and three boys came out of the tent, with their bodies bent, their long hair hanging over their faces, moving sideways around inside the enclosure, the forepart of their bodies all the time turned towards the fish. They endeavored to keep time with the music, by the motion of their bodies as well as their feet.

After some time a tall man about 60 years of age, painted black all over, made his appearance. He had a small hoop in each hand, by means of which he walked like a quadruped, all the while, by motions and voice, mimicking the black bear. He soon entered the enclosure, and moved round thing. Drawing near the fish, he struck the ground with one of the hoops as if to ascertain whether anything dangerous was concealed about the place. While he was thus engaged, two more made their appearance within the space, having their bodies smeared over with white clay. One of these was quizzed like the first and represented a grizzly bear. The other had two short sticks in his hands, a fox's tail suspended from his breech cloth, and, with his body bent, imitated the wolf. A piece of cloth wound around the middle, called a breech cloth, was the only article of clothing worn by any of the actors in this scene.

Some of the dancers were painted with charcoal, and others with vermilion. The music and dancing were kept up two or three hours, during which time the bears and wolf entered several times into the enclosure, passing round among the dancers without seeming to notice them, pawing the ground, snuffing and blowing at the fish and then retiring. Finally one of the bears crouched upon his knees and elbows, laid his wrists upon one of the fish, and after growling over it, tore off a piece with his teeth, and rising again upon his hoofs and feet clamping it. The other bear soon followed on the other fish in the same manner. The wolf and dancers soon followed. They ate all, fins, bones and scales, except the large bones in the back, biting it off with their teeth, and occasionally snatching it from each other's mouth in the same manner. Not a particle was touched by their hands.

The scene is considered an act of worship. Part of the worship was addressed to a stone, the size of a man's head, painted red and placed within the enclosure. They also prayed to the spirits of the fish. The design was said to be to procure a change of weather, from damp and windy to warm sunshine. The time selected was the last of May, when such a change was likely to occur soon.

**FEMALE SARCASM.**—Few things are more liable to be abused in society—especially by young ladies—than the gift of liveliness. No doubt it gains present admiration while they continue young and pretty, but it leads to no esteem—produces no affection, if carried beyond the bounds of graceful good humor. She, for instance, who is distinguished for the odd freedom of her remarks—whose laugh is loudest, whose wit is the most piquant—who gathers a group of laughers around her—of whom shy and quiet people are afraid; this is a sort of person who may be invited out, who may be thought no inconsiderable acquisition to parties of which the general opium is dullness, but which is not the sort of person likely to become the honored mistress of a respectable home.

PEARL's celebrated Philadelphia Museum which originally cost upwards of 100,000 dollars, was sold at Sheriff's sale on Monday last for 3500 dollars. It was purchased by P. T. Barnum, Esq., of New York.

#### FOREIGN NEWS.

The steamer CALEDONIA, arrived at Boston on Saturday evening. By her we have received seven days later intelligence from all parts of Europe.

IN ENGLAND nothing has transpired of special interest. The new Minister to the United States, Sir Henry Bulwer, was about to sail from Portsmouth for N. York. Sir John Ross has returned from the Arctic seas, where he had been engaged in a search for Sir John Franklin and his crews. We are sorry to find, however, that it was in no way successful.

IRELAND remains perfectly quiet. The 5th of November, of which apprehensions were entertained, passed off without disturbance.

FRANCE has nothing of striking interest. Mr. Rives the American Ambassador, has been received by the French Government.

The Emperor announces, positively, the appointment of Count Flahaut, to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs.

Gen. Baraguay D'Hilliers has been officially designated as Commander-in-Chief of the French Military forces in Italy.

IN AUSTRIA some three additional executions have taken place. Haynau has published an amnesty. The Emperor has declared that all officers who returned to the Austrian standard before November 26, 1848, are to be restored to their rank. The Jesuits are fast returning to Austria.

ROMAN STATES remain as before. A deputation had left Rome for Potoci to request the Pope to return. All the Universities in the Papal States are to remain closed until further orders. The Roman finances exhibit a monthly deficit of three millions francs.

SLESWIG HOLSTEN.—The National Assembly was opened at Keil on the 1st inst. The new budget for 1850 was submitted to the members present.

THE PRUSSIAN Government has been authorized to construct the Eastern Railway, the Westphalian-Thuringian Railway, and the Saarbrück Railway, at the expense of the State; it is empowered to expend 33,000,000 for this purpose, to be drawn in the first instance from the railway fund; if that prove insufficient, from the surplus of the general revenue; and if that do not reach out, by contracting a loan of 21,000,000.

IN WURTEMBERG the new Ministers took their oaths on the 1st inst., and have entered upon their duties.

ALGERIA.—The last intelligence mentioned the attack made by the French on Zaatcha as proceeding when the accounts left. Subsequent accounts state that they were repulsed, but still before the place.—finding it impregnable without greater force they had sent to Constantine for heavy artillery. Zaatcha is a fortified village, and the capital of an oasis of the desert, situated within 60 leagues of Constantine.

RUSSIA, TURKEY AND AUSTRIA.—Faud Effendi has been informed by Count Nesselrode that the Russian Government should be located in the interior of Candia, or on such other point of the Turkish territory as may afford the greatest facilities for keeping them under surveillance. If any of the refugees wish to go to France or England, they may be permitted to do so, the Czar will take no notice of their departure, notwithstanding the danger that may attend them; for whether in France or England there can be no doubt that but the refugees will busy themselves in preparing for a new revolution.

ITALY.—It was expected at Rome that the Pope would beat Benevento on the 30th October.

GERMANY.—The relations between Prussia and Nauchatel are in process of adjustment. Nauchatel returns to the same position as before the revolution.

The reigning Prince of Schaumburg Lippe, has dismissed his ministry.

PERSIA is in a very disturbed state. The Shah appeared incapable of maintaining order.

FRANKFORT, Nov. 6.—The Cologne Gazette says:—"There are many symptoms leading to the supposition that War will be renewed with Denmark. The report is already current that the Army of the Empire, under General Penckar, is in readiness to march, and that preparations are being made in the Duchy of Nassau, which tend to confirm those warlike reports. The Emperor of Austria has ordered a levy of 15,000 men in the Lombard-Venetian Kingdom.

COWHIDING.—The wife of Hon. Lewis C. Levin, M. C. from Pennsylvania, is figuring quite largely in a curious trial now in progress at Baltimore. Mrs. L. is charged with a violent assault upon a young man named Fite, the son of a wealthy merchant. The assault was committed on a public road leading from the city. Fite, riding in a buggy, passed the carriage of Mrs. Levin and looked in—expecting, as he says, to see one of the family with whom he was acquainted; but failing to recognize who was within, he drew up and allowed the carriage to pass again. Mrs. Levin, immediately, taking his conduct as an insult, ordered her footman to seize the young man, which he did, and held him while she cowhided him.

The jury have rendered a verdict in the above case of \$30 fine and costs; and a fine of \$10 on the servant who held Fite's horse.

SEDUCING.—In the Supreme Court at New Bedford, Daniel S. Dickerson recovered \$2800 damages of Samuel W. Graves, for seducing and debauching his wife. The crime was committed about a year ago, up to which time the wife of the plaintiff was proved to be a modest and chaste woman. The plaintiff has since obtained a divorce from her. The woman appeared as witness for her late husband, and testified fully and distinctly to the circumstances alleged in the plaintiff's writ. The judge remarked that this was the only case of the kind that had occurred in Massachusetts courts.—*Boston Courier.*

#### CALIFORNIA NEWS.

**MINING IN CALIFORNIA.**—The Bangor Whig publishes a letter, dated on board the steamer Leonora, Rio Sacramento, Sept. 26th, which tells the following tale:

"Of the mining region in the vicinity of Callama, (which is on the South fork of the American River, forty-five miles from Sacramento city) embracing the North, Middle and South forks, Weber's Creek, and the numerous 'Dry Diggings' between them, I now speak with certainty, as from my position at C. I am brought into contact with every miner who operates there, as often at least, as once each month, besides I have visited nearly all these 'Diggings' and have seen the dust washed out, varying in yield, from 12 1/2 cents to \$1000 to the pan of ten quarts of earth.

In these river diggings, the yield to all who work is about one and one-half ounces per day, though many average very much more, and several small associations who have turned the streams from their beds have taken out immense quantities of the precious ore. The principal dry diggings, are at present not so extensively worked for want of water, but promise rich returns during the rainy season. I know of six men, who for three months past, have been working some dry diggings, not 10 miles from me, and during all that time have never taken out less than \$200 per day to the man, and many days more than \$1000. So fearful are they of discovery that they come by night for their supplies of provisions, and to deposit their treasure in my safes, where it would do your eyes good to look upon rows of little buckskin sacks, well filled with the yellow dust.

This section of the country being high up in the mountains, is far more healthy than that washed by the Yuba, Feather and Sacramento rivers, and we have no diseases except those inseparable from the life of exposure and hardships attendant upon mining. The working in water, sleeping upon the cold damp ground and living for months upon salt provisions, and heavy bread, cause frequent cases of rheumatism and scurvy, and a very large proportion of those who make mining their business, will suffer for life, the effects of such exposure. In the section of the country named above, there are more than ten thousand persons, not more than two-thirds of whom work; the remainder is composed of young men who leave early berths at home, expecting to pick up the lumps with glove-protected fingers, and who cannot do the dirty work required by Nature when she mixed up the gold with clay and mud; sailors, who can never work when there is a bottle of brandy to be obtained; gamblers, who reap a richer harvest than any other class of our population, and that undesirable race usually termed loafers. Many who would otherwise have done well here, are discouraged, and disgusted in consequence of the enormous expenses, and extravagant anticipations entertained by them with not more than a paltry ounce per day, and because fortunes are not to be realized in a day, become disgusted with the country and turn homeward without striking a blow. On Yuba and Feather rivers much sickness prevails; principally fever and ague, and diseases of that class. Many of the miners are doing well, but very few escape the chills. On the Stanislaus and other tributaries of the San Joaquin the diggings are not so generally rich, but the gold is larger, and one occasionally finds pockets that yield large returns."

**EXTRAORDINARY DISCOVERY IN CALIFORNIA.**—The following is an extract from a letter written to his wife by a New Yorker now working in the mines of California.—The letter bears date Aug. 26, 1849:—"There was a gold mine discovered here (what is called Murphy's Diggings) one week to-day. It is evidently the work of ancient times—210 feet deep, situated on the summit of a very high mountain. It has made a great excitement here, as it was several days before preparations could be made to descend to the bottom. There was found in the bones of a human being, also an altar for worship, and some other evidences of human labor. From present indications it is mostly all rock, and will require a great outlay for tools and machinery to work it."

This discovery, if properly pursued by competent observers, may prove of the highest historical importance. It will establish the fact that the mineral wealth of that region has been known to preceding generations, and the relics which have survived, may enlighten us as to the nationality of the people who first pierced this mountain two hundred and ten feet, and will doubtless suggest an inquiry into the reasons for abandoning the pursuits of gold in a country in which it seems to abound, and where its discoverers had found encouragement to make such extensive excavations in former times.

#### SEAMEN'S WAGES IN CALIFORNIA.

A letter from San Francisco, of September 30, says:—"The ship John G. Coster, is to sail to-morrow for New York. The following prices are paid to the crew:—First mate, \$50 per month for the voyage; second mate, \$40; the balance of the crew \$120 per month to Callao, and then port wages to New York."

A BURLINGTON BOY in California, son of Jacob L. Walton, has sent his father \$128, the product of his first day's digging. He continued to labor at the mines a fortnight, and obtained \$680, when, being worn out by excessive labor, he was obliged to give up digging, and shipped on board the steamer Paama as first mate, at \$350 a month and found.—*Newark Ad.*

**PRICE OF A FEVER IN CALIFORNIA.**—A letter from California says doctors' bills are so high that one can hardly get through a fever for less than one thousand dollars. Other luxuries of the kind in proportion.

#### BY THE MAIL.

**THE NEW ORLEANS STEAMBOAT EXPLOSION.**—An affidavit was filed before the U. S. commissioner at New Orleans, on the 16th inst. in the matter of the explosion on board the steamer Louisiana. It alleges that the explosion took place through misconduct, negligence, and inattention to their respective duties on the part of Capt. John Cannon, and the first and second engineers of the boat, and that they are thereby guilty of manslaughter. Capt. Cannon surrendered himself, and was admitted to bail in the sum of \$8000, but neither of the engineers had been arrested at the latest accounts.

Indeed, it is not certainly known that the second engineer, Clinton Smith, who was in charge of the engine at the time, was not killed by the explosion. The Delta is of the opinion that he perished, "one of the first victims of his own neglect or incompetence." The only reason for thinking otherwise appears to be that a person answering to his description was admitted to one of the hospitals, slightly wounded, and was afterwards removed by his friends, and it is supposed fled from the city.

From articles in several of the papers, it is reasonable to suppose that the explosion was owing to that fruitful source of steamboat disasters, the want of water in the boilers. Capt. Cannon publishes a card, suggesting that the accident was probably caused by the ignition of a keg of gunpowder, which was brought on board, and passed into the hold, for the purpose of firing a salute. No single keg of powder, however, could have effected such an amount of destruction, or carried such heavy masses of iron the distance that was done on this occasion, and the mind naturally reverts to the other supposition as far the more reasonable explanation of the catastrophe. The Bulletin says—

In the portion of boiler where the safety valve was attached, it is very evident that the lead soldering has been melted out; this could not have possibly occurred unless the iron had been heated far beyond what was possible had there been a proper supply of water in the boilers. The round iron flue which passes through the boiler and is made of the same kind of iron, one-fourth or three-eighths of an inch thick, is collapsed and perfectly flattened so close that in parts of it a pen knife blade cannot be inserted, and yet the edges of the flue thus collapsed are not broken, or even cracked. This could not possibly have been the case unless the iron, at the time, had been not only red hot, but very greatly so, almost amounting to white heat. No piece of iron of that thickness, except at almost welding heat, could have been thus brought together, without at least cracking, if not breaking and it is ridiculous to assert that at any temperature it could attain in the hottest water it could have been effected.

**THE SLANDER SUIT** recently decided before the Supreme Court at Cambridge, was brought by Horace Jennison of Newton, plaintiff, and William White, of Watertown, defendant. The parties are rival tripe dealers, Jennison formerly being in the employ of White. The latter accused Jennison of stealing tripe, had him arrested, and he was convicted before a Justice of the Peace. He however appealed to the Court of Common Pleas, and was acquitted. Jennison then, in his turn, commenced a suit against White for slander, &c. In the Common Pleas he obtained a verdict of \$1950, when White appealed to the Supreme Court, where Jennison again obtained a verdict, damages being fixed at \$2000.

**A CURIOSITY.**—There is a colored man belonging to this county, now trading, we believe, on board of a shallop between this city and Philadelphia, who is in color both white and black. He is covered with white spots (as white as the fairest white man) from the size of a dollar to several inches, and even feet in length and breadth.—There is a white ring round each of his eyes, and also white round his mouth, one half of one of his arms is white. His predominate color is white. His predominant color is black, only about a third being white.—His mother is named Stewart, and lives a few miles from this city. We have never heard this singular phenomenon accounted for. Where's Barnum?

#### Wilmington Chicken.

**PISTOL FIRING.**—At the last term of the Albany Mayor's Court, Henry Pohlman, a boy about 17 years of age recovered \$2,800 of Henry Y. Yates, 10 years of age, for injuries received from the firing of a pistol ball into the upper part of his thigh, which renders him a cripple for life. The defendant was firing at a mark, which was placed near a wood shed standing on the rear of a vacant lot. Some of the balls passed through the shed, and one of them wounded the plaintiff, who was playing in the yard, on the opposite of the street.

**THE GREAT FAIR.**—The Managers of the American Institute report the entire receipts at Castle Garden in October at \$18,670. Including exhibitors and other free admissions, we presume a quarter of a million of persons visited the exhibition.—The expenses were about \$12,000, leaving \$6,670 for profit, of which \$5,000 has already been applied to the purchase of the building now occupied by the Institute in Broadway.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

**THE STATE OF KENTUCKY** has appropriated the sum of \$15,000 for the erection of an appropriate monument, in testimony of the gallantry, daring and valor of her chivalrous sons, who fell in the wars of her country. It is to be an obelisk, sixty feet in height, and is to be constructed of the finest Italian marble.

**MR. EBER STEBBINS**, of Chicopee, a man with wife and children, recently eloped to parts unknown with a female of that place.

**THE NEWSPAPER DOG.**—Our neighbor of the Evening Gazette has recently referred to a sagacious dog, owned by Mr. Hawes of this city, who comes regularly to the Traveller Counting Room, every afternoon, and putting his paws upon the counter, receives his master's paper, and is off to the store. This same dog has other ways of his own, which are often amusing, though occasionally a little troublesome. Like his biped associates in this world of bustle and hurry, he requires to be waited on with the least possible delay; and if he is not attended to, he is quite likely to help himself, often making reprisals on us for our inattention, by taking from the pile of papers a mouthful, perhaps a half a dozen. He seems to have very imperfect ideas of the distinction between *meum* and *tuum*—as much so as any person on change. If, therefore, on coming to our counter, he finds it bare of papers, he casts an imploring look around the room, and if a luckless boy loiters with a paper in his hand, to watch the movements of the sagacious animal, the dog will seize the coveted paper, and be off, before the astonished boy has time to rescue his stolen property. We are often reminded by the movements of this intelligent quadruped of the favorite saying of a certain queer old fellow: "There is a great deal of human nature in beasts."

*Boston Traveller.*

**SUNDAY CONTRACTS.**—In an action for breach of promise recently tried in Philadelphia, the counsel for the defence made a point which has been largely discussed of late in the newspapers, but we believe never before raised in a Court of Justice—viz., that the contract in the present case, having been made on Sunday, was therefore void. The Philadelphia Inquirer says:—"The Judge charged the jury on this point, that the law in regard to Sunday contracts did not extend to contracts of marriage, which, by many religious sects, were considered as solemn sacraments, to be only sanctioned by impressive ceremonies. The contracts made on Sunday, which are void, are those relating to worldly business. To hold that marriages solemnized on that day were void would be to disturb thousands of marriages which have been contracted, and to render illegitimate a very large number of citizens. The jury found a verdict for plaintiff for \$300."

**LOUISIANA ELECTION.**—Returns, official and reported from 38 parishes in Louisiana, give Deleclout, the Whig candidate for Governor, a majority of 419. The nine parishes yet to be heard from, gave in 1845 a majority of 973 for Johnson, the Democratic candidate for Governor, so that to carry the State, Deleclout must gain 565 in these parishes. The same parishes gave Cass a majority of 343, and a comparison with his vote makes the question more doubtful. We incline, nevertheless, to the opinion that Walker is elected by a small majority. There seems to be no doubt that the Senate is Democratic, and the House Whig—the joint uncertain.

*N. B. Mercury.*

**AN OLD ANECDOTE.**—Frederic William, king of Prussia, had for a pet a regiment of giants, many of which he actually bought up at fancy prices. Nothing gladdened his eyes like a man six to eight feet in height. One day he met a peasant girl seven feet high in height. Having called her to him, he gave her a letter to the colonel of his Brobdingnagian grenadiers, containing positive orders to have the bearer instantly married to the tallest man in his regiment. The girl did not know the king, who appeared like an every day private gentleman; but she slightly smelled a rat. So she gave the letter to a little old woman, ugly enough to make a horse break his bridle. Judge of the astonishment of the colonel when he read the king's letter, and looked on the shrivelled and crooked form of the bearer! Judge, too, of the feelings of the *nolens volens* bridegroom! The girl found out the trick which had liked to have been played upon her, and congratulated herself on her escape.

**DOG CENSUS.**—The editor of the Plough, Loom and Anvil, hopes they who take the next census, will take means to ascertain the number of dogs, male and female, in every county in the United States, and also, if possible, the number of sheep killed by dogs. It adds—"At two cents per day it is probable that the cost of dogs is equal to the value of our exports of grain and provisions to England this year; and it is not improbable that our sheep husbandry would add much more to the wealth of the country, if it were not for the fear of having the sheep destroyed by dogs. We are no enemies of dogs of genuine blood, kept and used for their legitimate and appropriate purpose. But we have a great aversion to idle useless whelps—born only to consume the fruits of the land, whether they go on four legs or two."

**COLD BEDROOMS.**—A person accustomed to undress in a room without a fire, and to seek repose in a cold bed, will not experience the least inconvenience, even in the severest weather. The natural heat of his body will very speedily render him even more comfortably warm than the individual who sleeps in a heated apartment, and in a bed thus artificially warmed, and who will be extremely liable to a sensation of chilliness as soon as the artificial heat is dissipated. But this is not all; the constitution of the former will be rendered more robust, and far less susceptible to the influence of atmospheric vicissitudes than of the latter.—*Journal of Health.*

**A COTTON FACTORY AT NEW ORLEANS.** A number of enterprising citizens are now engaged in organizing a company, with a capital of \$200,000, for the erection of a cotton mill in or near New Orleans.

**STOPPED.**—Two of the cotton mills in Pittsburg, Pa., have stopped, in consequence of the adoption of the ten hours' system.

**UNNATURAL ASSAULT.**—A most unfortunate encounter took place in the town of Chazy, Clinton county, on the 17th inst., the particulars of which, as we learn them, are as follows:—Some time since, Henry Worden, a man about fifty years of age, and for many years a resident of Chazy, and a thriving farmer, rented his premises to his son Gilbert. The son being dissatisfied with his situation, commenced moving from the premises. He had started to drive away a cow, which he claimed belonging to him, and had proceeded but a short distance, when he was commanded by his father to desist; but the son, who was assisted by two of his younger brothers and a neighbor, refused to do so. The father immediately went into the house, took down his gun, which was loaded with two balls and a quantity of fine shot, and went out with it in his hand, and told his son if he did not stop he would shoot him. The son replied "that he might shoot and be d—d." At this crisis the wife of Worden appeared and begged of him not to shoot, but she was soon silenced by the threat, "that if she did not get out of the way he would blow her brains out." He then took deliberate aim at the son and fired, breaking the son's left leg above the knee, and considerably injuring the other. He then drew a pistol and snapped it twice at the two other sons, who were assisting, but fortunately it did not go off. Worden then returned to the field where he had ploughing and resumed his work as though nothing had happened. He is now in jail awaiting his trial.—*Albany Eve. Jour.*

**U. S. DISTRICT COURT, New York.**—William Boardman and others vs. the sloop Bethel—Action for salvage of schooner and cargo by the libellants and their sloop Van Zandt, a wrecker. Defence.—That the services were not of a salvage character, consisting only of a hiring of an anchor and cable to the Bethel to aid in her relief. The Bethel was stranded on the 19th February, 1849, in the night, outside the Hook. The vessel and cargo were worth \$6575. The master of the Van Zandt was personally engaged some hours on board the Bethel in effecting her rescue, and the Van Zandt carried out and placed the anchor and cable used in hauling her off. The claimants tendered the libellants \$250 for their services but the money is not paid into court. Held that the service was a salvage service and entitled to be compensated as such. Held that the tender was not an adequate recompense under the facts and circumstances, for the services performed, and that the offer first made by the master of the Bethel and accepted by the master of the Van Zandt, of \$500, is a fair and proper reward. Decrees for \$500 salvage and costs.—*N. Y. Commercial.*

**INDIANS IN BROADCLOTH.**—The Ojaga Indians, now on a visit to the seat of government, first made their appearance at the Executive Mansion with nothing upon their painted bodies but leather leggings and ancient looking blankets. Since that time the President has directed the Commissioner of Indian affairs to supply them with any articles of clothing they may desire. Whereupon the gentlemen of the wilderness yesterday made their appearance upon the avenue clothed in broadcloth, after the manner of the civilized. It will be readily imagined, therefore that the peculiarity of their appearance is greatly increased, and that the lovers of incongruity are a good deal edified. Before night, however, the Indians doffed their civilized garb, and decked themselves in their native costumes. *Nat. Int. 15th.*

**A NUMEROUS ANCESTRY.**—Fowler, the Phrenologist, in his work entitled "Hereditary Descent," says that every human being on the face of the globe, is compelled, from a demand in Nature, to have two parents, four grand parents, eight great grand parents, sixteen ancestors of the fourth generation back, thirty-two of the fifth, two hundred and fifty-six of the eighth, thirty-two thousand seven hundred and sixty-eight of the fifteenth, almost one million and fifty thousand of the twentieth, and nearly one thousand seventy-three million of the thirtieth generation. The whole number of every one's ancestors, for fifty generations, amounts to two thousand three hundred and sixty-two million, seven hundred and forty-nine thousand nine hundred and fourteen million, two hundred and fourteen thousand four hundred and forty-six (2,362,749,914,214,214,046)—a multitude verily, which no man can number, no mind conceive! The blood of this vast host of beings is running in the veins of every living mortal, and that, reckoning back only fifteen generations!

**EXPEDITION FOR THE RELIEF OF SIR JOHN FRANKLIN.**—Lieutenant Lynch, the commander of the Dead Sea Expedition, has volunteered to head an expedition to start as early as practicable next year, to relieve Sir John Franklin. He proposes for the government to sanction the attempt, and afford officers and men (all volunteers) and provisions; and in case there should be a question as to the legality of paying the expense of such an expedition, he thinks he could raise sufficient from private sources to charter, strengthen and equip a steamer to carry out the object.

**THE MYSTERIOUS DISAPPEARANCE OF DR. GEORGE PARKMAN** has produced much sensation in Boston. The last reliable trace of him appears to be that he passed Craigie's bridge on Friday last at about 5 o'clock, P. M. in company with an Irishman.

The most active exertions have been made by the city police, and the friends of Dr. Parkman, for his recovery, but as yet to no purpose. His family and those who have most fully investigated the circumstances of his disappearance, have strong suspicions that he has been decoyed away and murdered.

**WHICH?**—Somebody says that gold is necessary to any one who would make his way in the world. Some think that brass is quite as necessary as gold.



## ARRIVAL OF THE CANADA.

The British mail steamer CANADA, arrived at Halifax Wednesday, and the following report of the news brought by her was received by telegraph, which is seven days earlier than the Caledonia's.

From HUNGARY we learn that fresh communications are taking place, and no fewer than 15 additional executions at Acab are threatened daily. Gen. Haynau was carrying on his unrelenting cruelties unchecked by higher authority.

The Jews of Pesth are once more threatened with violence unless they pay up the contributions demanded, which seem to be beyond their power.

There appears no present probability of the state of siege at Vienna being raised.

The presence of the English Naval forces at the Dardanelles, and the hourly expected arrival of the French fleet occasions some excitement at Constantinople, and the Emperor of Russia continues to show not little irritation at the decisive attitude taken by France and England.

From ROME we have but little certain information that is interesting. It seems, however, that the Pope really meditates an early return to Rome; and indeed his arrival at one moment was actually announced. The Spanish troops at present quartered in Rome have received orders to return to Spain.

SPAIN.—The session of the Cortes has been opened without the customary speech which has given rise to animated attacks by M. Olozaga and his friends against their implacable enemies Narvaez and his colleagues.

The dispute between the Emperor of Morocco and the French seems to increase in violence. The French consul at Mogadore has been treated harshly and ignominiously, and a French frigate has been sent to his relief. There is now every probability of this affair ending in the bombardment of Tangier.

CAPE OF GOOD HOPE.—4th Sept., the Neptune with the convicts on board had not arrived out.

LONDON Nov. 16th.—Advices from Constantinople to the 1st inst. states that a British fleet was at anchor in Berica Bay, and would remain there till the arrival of the Courier with the answer of the Czar to the communication of Faud Effendi. Should that answer prove unfavorable, the fleet will proceed at once to Constantinople. Sir Stratford Canning has communicated to the Turkish Government that the English Cabinet had unanimously agreed to form a defensive alliance with the Porte in the event of hostile proceedings on the part of Russia. A similar communication had been made by Gen. Aupick in behalf of the French Government.

THE BRACELETS.—Maria Antoinette, of France, was passionately fond of the opera. She once played Suzanne in the "Marriage of Figaro," in a private theatre in the palace.

Opposite the queen's box at the opera house, one evening, sat the wife of a rich man, bedizened with jewels, and sporting a pair of magnificent diamond bracelets, and so anxious was she to attract the notice of the queen, that she leaned her hand on the velvet cushion of the box that the jewels did not escape the notice of the queen. She cast several significant glances at the lady, who was delighted at the homage paid to her brilliants. In the course of the evening a servant wearing the queen's livery knocked at the door of the box, and with many compliments to the lady and apologies from the queen, begged that the latter might have a closer view of one of her splendid bracelets which had so much occupied the public attention and admiration. In a moment it was unclasped and given to the queen's messenger.

The banker's wife soon discovered that it was an ingenious thief, who had observed her movements and efforts to attract the attention of the queen, that had thus obtained the bracelet. The police was soon apprised of the loss, and next morning, while at breakfast, she was made happy by receiving a note from the commissioner of police, stating that the thief and the bracelet had both been captured, and requiring her to send the other bracelet by the subaltern of police and his attendants, to identify the one recovered, or to come herself with it to the bureau. She was negligent, and preferred giving the other bracelet to the officer, with many cautions of care; but she found in an hour or two that both her bracelets had vanished! Both gone! The rogue who had obtained one at the theatre had ingeniously managed to possess himself of the other.

A Dr. Kerr, of Washington, died several years ago, and bequeathed to a yellow woman whom he purchased from a slave-dealer, and lived with, (having issue,) property to the value of six or eight thousand dollars. The woman thinking that the will was all right, congratulated herself on her good fortune; but two of the female relatives of the deceased contested the paper, and the circuit court was occupied with the case seven days. The most talented and learned counsel of the city were employed—two on each side. The jury retired on Friday afternoon, and remained in their room until this morning, (Nov. 24,) after nearly four days confinement.—Being unable to agree—eight being for the woman, and four for the plaintiff—they were discharged. A new trial will be the consequence.—New York Herald.

TROUBLE WITH THE INDIANS.—Late advices from Tampa Bay represent that the Indians had refused to leave the country, and that Gen. Twiggs was preparing to hunt them out with all possible despatch.

No tidings upon which any reliance can be placed, had been received of the fate of Dr. Parkman, up to a late hour last Wednesday.

IMMIGRANTS.—Nearly 1900 arrived in Boston on Sunday.

## NEWPORT MERCURY, NEWPORT.

SATURDAY MORNING, DEC. 1, 1849.

RECOLLECT that if you intend to vote in 1850, in this town, you must register your name in the Clerk's Office, THIS DAY, or you will be too late.

THE FIRST SESSION OF THE NEW CONGRESS will commence on Wednesday next.

THE LECTURES, THE LECTURES—Are you going to attend the Lectures? Is one of the stereotyped questions now in use. By reference to our advertising columns it will be seen that the first of the course is to be given next Thursday evening, and we assure our readers, one and all, that they will be worthy of their attention, and calculated to benefit and instruct them to a great extent.—There can be no mode of spending an evening more pleasantly than in listening to such talented men as the Committee have been fortunate in engaging.

HENRY CASTOFF.—This, we understand, is to be the name of a large and commodious sloop, which is to be launched this day. She was built by Wm. H. Crandall & Son, of this place, of the best White Oak; is of fine model, and great pains have been taken to ensure fast sailing and strength. She is intended for a New York Packet, and will be commanded by Capt. John Heath, one of the most driving and thriving captains on the sound. The H. C. is owned by Messrs. C. Deven, Joshua Sayer, Henry Castoff, and John Heath.

THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS for Newport County, commenced its November term in this place Monday afternoon, and the charge to the Grand Jury was delivered by Judge Staples on Tuesday morning, when the trial of cases commenced. We take the following particulars from the News of yesterday:—

In the case of Jesse Chase vs. Bourne & Brown, while the Def's counsel was making his closing argument, Judge Staples stated that he should be compelled to charge the Jury that after a given date, if the Jury were satisfied from the evidence before them that this property had been changed, then Chase had no interest in it under his mortgage, and the action of Trovor could not hold. After some conversation between the Court and Counsel, the Plt's discontinued.

John Vars vs. Hamilton L. Shields. This was an action on the case for the recovery of the value of a horse alleged to have been let to the Dft. on the 28th of June last, for the purpose of going to Fall River; and that in consequence of excessive driving, and neglect of the horse, on the part of the Dft. it died.

The ground of defence was that the Dft. hired the Plt's to send him to Fall River, for which he paid a stipulated price, and that he was not responsible for the horse, and gave no directions to the driver about it, having returned to Newport by the steamboat.

State vs. Noel P. Allen. This was an indictment for keeping a house of ill-fame, and also for keeping a disorderly house in Tiverton.

Verdict, guilty. Sentenced to two months imprisonment in the County Jail.

State vs. John White. This was an indictment for keeping a house of ill-fame, and also for keeping a disorderly house.

Verdict, guilty. Sentenced to three months in the County Jail.

State vs. John H. Clegg. This was an indictment for an assault and battery on Robert Fish.

Verdict, guilty. Fined twenty-five dollars and costs.

State vs. Peleg Bryer, for a violation of the License Law.

Verdict, guilty. Fined twenty dollars and costs.

The court adjourned Wednesday evening, to the first Monday in February.

THE AMERICAN ART UNION.—The annual distribution of Paintings by this institution will shortly take place, and those who wish to become subscribers should do so without delay.

Subscriptions \$5 each, are received by C. B. Hammett, Honorary Secretary for this place.

A Hoo only 20 months old, weighing 761 pounds, was slaughtered at East Wareham, Mass., a few days since.

THE MIND.—It is requisite that the mind and its various functions should be properly exercised, as much so as the body, where strength becomes developed in the parts most used. The memory either expands, retains vividly impressions that it has received, or becomes feeble and imbecile from disuse; thus the mind and intellect literally starve for want of proper nourishment whose cravings are unnoticed while we are so intent on satisfying the various appetites of the body. Thoughts, ideas, the glorious creations that Fancy pencils forth from her mystic land, lightnings of the mind, glimpses of our brighter, better being, of what we might have been, that like wild, sweet, uncultivated flowers, ever spring up from the stony heart to gladden, though it be but for a moment, the bleak and dreary pathways of life—are they to flash forth meteorlike and disappear forever, from a weak indolence to note them down!

Perhaps we feel the want of expression; within is the longing to pour forth those ideal creations, that spring life-like into existence, as Athena did from the brain of Jove, and yet we lack the power, as though our soul were wrapt in the grandeur of some lofty, inspiring strain, and still fearful, unable to communicate the rapturous ideas inspired to another, oft-times hindered and checked by the want of sympathy evinced by the world, its ridicule of those warm sensitive feelings that prove in many cases a fatal dowry to the truthful, confiding heart that would fain behold itself reflected on whomsoever it looked; and like the flower laden with its own richness and fullness of beauty, it shrinks instinctively within itself, from the coldness and repulse it is doomed to meet at every turn.

SETTLED.—That the question, "May a man marry his wife's sister?" is one which can be most effectively answered by the sister herself, when it is popped by the widow.

THE PILORY PUNISHMENT is still in use in Sweden. Drunkards are punished by it. They are exposed on Sundays in front of the churches.

HECTOR MOORE, a member of the St. Louis bar, has been convicted at Memphis, Tenn., of the abduction of a negro, and sentenced to the penitentiary for five years.

BRIGHTON MARKET, Wednesday, Nov. 28.

At market 550 Beef Cattle, 375 Stores, 2200 Sheep and Lambs and 750 Swine.

PRICES.

Beef Cattle.—In consequence of Thanksgiving being this week, purchases were not very spirited, and prices had rather a downward tendency. We quote Extra \$5 a 6 25; First quality \$3 25 a 5 75 second \$4 75 a 5 25; third \$3 75 a 4 25. Stores.—2 year old \$8 a 14 3 year old \$14 a 25.

Working Oxen.—Sales at \$65, 80, 85, and 88. Cows and Calves.—No sales noticed.

Sheep.—Dull. Sales \$1 42, 1 62, 1 75, 1 92, and \$2 25.

Swine.—A lot of fat hogs to slaughter, 44; a lot of shoats to peddle 32 and 44; at retail from 4 to 54.

JOB PRINTING.

Executed with new and fashionable type, and on the most reasonable terms, at the MERCURY OFFICE.

A GOOD MEDICINE.

The Virtues of the Sarsaparilla Root are universally acknowledged, and for an exterminator of numerous complaints and purifier of the blood we know of no more valuable medicine than Dr. Roberts' Compound Sarsaparilla Pills. They are acknowledged by our ablest Physicians to be not only unexceptionable but efficacious in the highest degree, and their basis being the concentrated extract of the Sarsaparilla prepared in a superior manner, these Pills operate both as an alterative and mild cathartic, strengthening the digestive organs, and giving a tone and energy to the body possessed by no other medicine ever known.—Rushway Register, N. Y.

The above medicine is for sale in Newport R. I., by R. J. Taylor and C. G. C. Hazard.

Price 34 cents per box containing 60 Pills. July 14.—6m.

THE Annual Meeting of the Dorcas Society will be held at Trinity Church School House, on WEDNESDAY, Dec. 6th, at 2 o'clock P. M.

IN this town, on Sunday evening last, by the Rev. Mr. Othman, Mr. STEPHEN C. JACK, to FANNY BANKS, both of this place.

In this town, on Thursday evening last, by the Rev. Mr. Watson, Mr. HENRY L. DAVIS to Miss SUSAN, daughter of Mr. Abiel Spencer, all of this place.

In this town, on Thursday evening last, by the Rev. Mr. Watson, Mr. CHRISTOPHER CONDON, of Providence, to Miss SARAH, daughter of Mr. William Smith, of this place.

In this town on Thursday evening last, Mr. STANFORD BARCK to Miss SARAH, eldest daughter of Mr. Thomas White, all of this place.

In East Greenwich 25th inst., by the Rev. Mr. Holden, Mr. ABRAHAM W. JENCKS to Miss HANNAH A. RETNOLDS, both of that town.

In Little Compton, R. I., 25th inst., Mr. LEMUEL GAMMONS, Jr. to Miss DEBORAH H. WING, both of New Bedford.

DEATHS.

In Providence, on the 24th, ENNIS W. wife of George Herriek, in the 28th year of her age. In Warwick, 22d inst. Mr. GIBSON SPENCER.

TOWN CLERK'S OFFICE, NEWPORT, Newport, November 17, 1849.

ALL PERSONS not registered, who are otherwise qualified, or who will be within a year qualified by age and residence, who intend to vote in 1850, in this town, on payment of registry and other taxes, or performance of Military duty, must register their names in the Town Clerk's Office, on or before Saturday, the first day of December next.

The assessors of taxes for the town of Newport, will meet at the Town Clerk's office, in said town, within five days next after the first Monday in December next, and assess upon every person whose name is registered, as his registry tax, a tax of one dollar, or such sum as with his other taxes shall amount to one dollar, as the law directs. B. B. HOWLAND, Probate Clerk.

## MERCURY MARINE LIST. PORT OF NEWPORT.

ARRIVED.

MONDAY, Nov. 26.

Brig Friendship, Rumble, fm Cherryfield for New York.

Sch's Brookhaven, Burdick, fm Norfolk; Rio Grand, Chase, fm New York for Boston; Patriot, Bucklin, fm New York for Portland; Leo, Jameson, fm do for do; Union, Crosby, fm N. York for New Bedford; Mary, Crosby, fm Albany for Boston; Sarah Ann, Pinckham, fm New York for Calais; Coral, Webster, fm N. York fr Castine.

Sch's Franklin, Nickerson, fm Gardiner; Pizarro, Chase, fm New York; Joy, Newell, fm Dighton for Baltimore; Splendid, Culver, fm Providence for Jamestown, L. I.; Rhode Island, Fairchild, fm Prov.; Susan, Crosby, fm Alexandria; Ann Denman, Perry, fm Gardner.

Sloops Franklin, Vars, Bristol for Westley; Jas. Lamphere, Henry, fm Providence for New York.

C'd—Sch's Heath, New York or Providence.

TUESDAY, Nov. 27.

Sch's Ross-in-Bloom, Jarvis, fm Newark for Warham; Oxford, Howland, fm Providence for Baltimore; Red Jacket, Chase, fm Fall River for James River; Roxbury, Sears, fm Providence for Baltimore; Lebanon, Brown, fm do for Philadelphia; Margaret, Boardman, fm do for do; Jas. C. Fisher, Anderson, fm Philadelphia for Boston, with loss of main and foretop-mast, foremast-head, fore-boom and gaff; Hector, Kinball, fm Providence for New York.

Sloops Vigilant, Heath, fm Providence for New York; Miles, Gurney, fm do for do; Fairchild, Hallock, fm do for Southampton; Capital, Tottill, fm Brookhaven; Chief, Briggs, fm Fall River.

S'd—Brig Canton, for Baltimore; Sch's Geo. Washington, San Francisco; Sloops Mary Helen, Radiant, and Jas. Lamphere, New York.

WEDNESDAY, Nov. 28.

Sch's Mars Hill, Crockett, fm Providence for St. Mary's; Chas. C. Brown, Smith, fm do for N. York; Sam. R. Smith, fm do for do.

N. York; B. Young, Hill, fm Savannah for do; Benj. Brown, Richards, fm Providence for New London; Almada, Waldron, fm Providence for Greenport; Charles Henry, Roan, fm do for do.

Sloops J. M. Parker, Mason, fm do for N. York; Rienz, Durfee, fm New York for Providence.

Brig Alliance, fm Providence for New York, C'd—Brig Henry Marshall, Brighton, Cuba.

THURSDAY, Nov. 29.

Brig Eliza Merethem, Griffin, fm Boston for Virginia.

Brig Brazilian, Hiehorn, fm Boston for Philadelphia.

Sch's Missouri, Bacon, fm Fall River for New York; B. N. Fox, Oliver, fm Providence for Milton, Del.; Galen, Kelley, fm Wickford for Dennis; Daniel T. Willets, Smith, fm Albany for Providence; Charles L. Hoise, Turner, fm Philadelphia.

Sloops T. W. Thorn, Durfee, fm Fall River for New York.

MARINE MEMORANDA.

Sch's Emily B. Souder, Chase, hence, arr at Wilmington, N. C., 22d inst.

Sch's Nichols Hazzard, Willis, c'd at Albany 22d for Providence.

Brig Samuel Brown, Thatcher, arr at Boston the 26th fm Zante, had experienced heavy weather from 10th to 14th inst., lost 45, 102, and lost foretop-mast and split most of her sails.

Brig Cardiff, Messer, c'd at Havana the 9th, for Mariel.

Public School Notice.

THE Public School Committee propose to open an EVENING SCHOOL for the benefit of such as are prevented, by their occupations, from attending the Day Schools, provided there be a sufficient number willing to attend, to justify the necessary outlay. To determine this point, the President of the Committee will be in his office, No. 7 Frank street, THIS DAY, (Dec. 1,) from 12 o'clock noon, until 2 o'clock, P. M., to receive applications for admission. By order, Dec. 1.] A. H. DUMONT, Pres't Com.

NORTH KINGSTOWN BANK.

At the annual meeting of the Stockholders of the North Kingstown Bank, the following persons were elected Directors for the year ending, viz:—

Jonathan Reynolds, Jeffery Davis, Pardon T. Hammond, Jeremiah G. Chadsey, William G. Hammond, Elisha Sanford, Nicholas Spink, William Browning, Elizalet Young, Alfred Updike, Johnson Reynolds, Horatio N. Reynolds, Abel S. Baker, Henry R. Reynolds.

And at a subsequent meeting of the Directors Jonathan Reynolds, Esq. was re-elected President of said Bank.

P. T. HAMMOND, Cashier. Wickford, Nov. 21, 1849.—3w.

NEW BOOKS, ANNUALS, &c.—Just received and for sale at TILLEY'S 122 Thames street, a very handsome collection of Annuals, Miniature Gift Books, Games, &c., among which is Shirley—a novel by Currer Bell, author of Jane Eyre; Redburn, his first voyage being the Sailor Boy's confessions, and Reminiscences of the son of a Gentleman in the Merchant Service, by Herman Melville; Haonham's Travels in California and Oregon, illustrated; The California Guide Book; The Ogilvies, a novel—Harper and Brothers; and a great assortment of Cheap Publications, &c. &c. [Dec. 1.]

Notice.

Newport, Nov. 27th, 1849.

THE Town Council of Newport, will meet as a Board of Canvassers, at the Town Hall in Newport, on SATURDAY, the 8th of December next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., to further correct the list of Voters for the Town of Newport, for a Town Meeting to be held on WEDNESDAY, the 12th day of said December, to elect a Senator to the General Assembly, from said Town, in the room of Henry Bull, Esq., resigned.

B. B. HOWLAND, Council Clerk.

POOR RICHARD'S ALMANAC for 1850, as written by Benjamin Franklin, for the years 1733, 1734, 1735. Just received and for sale at Dec. 1, 1849.] TILLEY'S.

Mechanics' Lectures.

THE course of Lectures before the Mechanics' Association will be opened on THURSDAY EVENING, Dec. 6th, at 7 o'clock, at the North Baptist Church, by SAMUEL G. ARNOLD, Esq., of Providence; after which they will be continued as follows:—

Dec. 12, Rev. Wm. Hagge D. D., of Jamaica Plain, 19th, Hon. Horace Greeley, of N. York; 27th, Prof. Henry D. Rogers, of Boston; Jan. 3, and 10, Fletcher Webster, Esq., of Boston; 17, Leonard Woods, Jr., D. D., President of Bowdoin College, Maine.

Other lecturers will be announced in due time. Tickets for the Course \$1, to be had at W. A. Barber's—C. E. Hammett, Jr.'s—Tilley's News Room, and at the door.

Single Tickets 25 cents. Members tickets will be delivered at S. A. Parker's. [Dec. 1.]

READER.

JUST DROP IN AT TILLEY'S, and take a look at Godey's LADY'S BOOK for January 1850, and you will no doubt subscribe immediately. It's the best of the handsomest book out.—Price only \$2.25 a year, in advance. [Dec. 1, 1849.]

## VAYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL.

For the Cure of

COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, BRONCHITIS, CROUP, ASTHMA, WHOOPING-COUGH AND CONSUMPTION.

The uniform success which has attended the use of this preparation—its salutary effect—its power to relieve and cure affections of the Lungs, have gained for it a celebrity equalled by no other medicine. We offer it to the afflicted with entire confidence in its virtues, and the full belief that it will subdue and remove the severest attacks of disease upon the throat and Lungs.

These results, as they become publicly known, very naturally attract the attention of medical men and philanthropists everywhere. What is their opinion of VAYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL may be seen in the following:—

VALENTINE MOTT, M. D., Prof. Surgery Med. College, New York, says:—"It gives me pleasure to certify the value and efficacy of Ayer's CHERRY PECTORAL, which I consider peculiarly adapted to cure diseases of the Throat and Lungs."

THE RT. REV. LORD BISHOP FIELD writes in a letter to his friend, who was fast sinking under an affection of the Lungs:—"Try the CHERRY PECTORAL, and if any medicine can give you relief, with the blessing of God that will."

CHIEF JUSTICE EUSTIS, of Louisiana, writes "That a young daughter of his was cured of several severe attacks of Croup by the CHERRY PECTORAL."

ASTHMA AND BRONCHITIS.

The Canadian Journal of Medical Science states, "That Asthma and Bronchitis so prevalent in this inclement climate, has yielded with surprising rapidity to Ayer's CHERRY PECTORAL, and we cannot too strongly recommend this skillful preparation to the Profession and public generally."

Let the relieved sufferer speak for himself:—HARTFORD, Jan. 26, 1847.

Dr. J. C. Ayer.—Dear Sir:—Having been rescued from a painful and dangerous disease by your medicine, gratitude prompts me to send you this acknowledgment, not only in justice to you, but for the information of others in like affliction.

A slight cold upon the lungs, neglected at first, became so severe that spitting of blood, a violent cough and profuse night sweats followed and fastened upon me. I became emaciated, could not sleep, was distressed by my cough, and a pain through my chest, and in short, had all the alarming symptoms of quick consumption. No medicine seemed at all to reach my case, until I providentially tried your CHERRY PECTORAL, which soon relieved and now has cured me.

Yours with respect, E. A. STEWART. ALBANY, N. Y., April 17, 1848.

Dr. Ayer, Lowell.—Dear Sir:—I have for years been afflicted with Asthma in the worst form; so that I have been obliged to sleep in my chair for a larger part of the time, being unable to breathe on my bed. I had tried a great many medicines to no purpose, until my Physician prescribed, as an experiment, your CHERRY PECTORAL.

At first it seemed to make me worse, but in less than a week I began to experience the most gratifying relief from its use; and now, in four weeks the disease is entirely removed. I can sleep on my bed with comfort, and enjoy a state of health which I had never expected to enjoy.

GEORGE S. FARRANT.

PREPARED BY J. C. AYER, CHEMIST, LOWELL, MASS.

Sold in Newport by Dr. R. R. HAZARD and R. J. TAYLOR. [Sept. 29, 1849.]

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber will take to board, an old Gentleman and wife, or any one or two elderly people, who are anxious for a comfortable home while in health, and the most attentive nursing in sickness.

The subscribers' experience in the case of elderly people warrants him in promising such satisfaction and comfort. Terms reasonable. ABEL SHERMAN, Swamp Road, Middletown.

Nov. 24, 1849.

For particulars enquire at this Office.

New FALL GOODS.

WM. C. COZZENS & CO. have again replenished their assortment of FALL GOODS, from New York, during the present week, making their variety of choice and desirable Goods very complete. They would invite particular attention to their stock of LONG SHAWLS, very cheap; Rich fig'd Dress Silks; Rich all wool Cashmere at 50 and 55 cents; Do. do. Mouselin de Laine, 42 & 50; French Merinos; Cloakings, Trimmings &c. Some of these goods are particularly cheap, being from the closing auction sales of the season, and of course at low prices.

WOOD, BRICKS, STONE, COAL &c.

ON Devens' Wharf, 150 cords of Pine, Oak, and Maple WOOD, 7000 Danvers BRICKS hard pressed—suitable for sidewalks; 10,000 feet flag and curb STONE, 60 childrens Picotou and Virginia COAL for Blacksmith's use, 6 hds New Orleans MOLASSES. For sale by

Oct. 27.] CHARLES DEVENS, Jr.

1850 ALMANACS

OLD FARMERS, Churchman's, Rhode Island Christian Family. For sale at Nov. 3.] JAMES HAMMOND'S.

For New York, Direct.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

The steamboat EMPIRE STATE, Capt. Comstock, will leave Fall River every Monday, Wednesday and Friday evening, on the arrival of the steamboat train of cars from Boston for New York via Newport; leaving Newport at 8 1/2 o'clock, and arrive in New York at about 6 1/2 o'clock next morning. Returning, will leave New York at 4 o'clock, P. M.

THE STATE OF MAINE, Capt. Jewett, will leave Fall River every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, as above, for New York, via Newport, leaving Newport at about 8 1/2 o'clock, and on her return, leaving New York at 4 P. M. For further information enquire of the Agent.

ANTHONY STEWART.

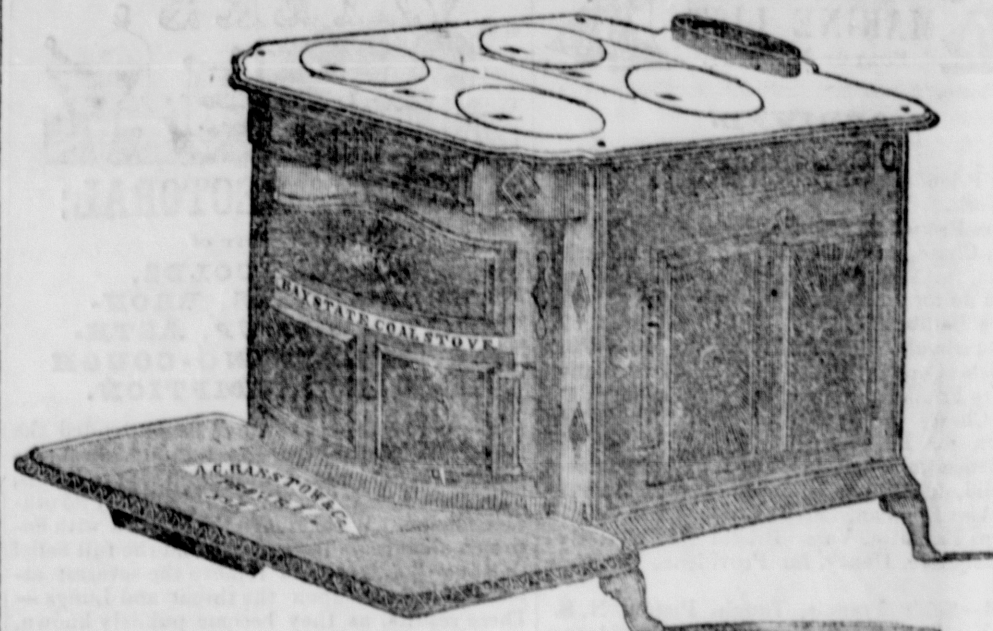
Nov. 24—tf.

DAQUERREOTYPES.

J. A. WILLIAMS, would respectfully inform the citizens of Newport and vicinity, that he has been induced to open a room in this place, recently occupied by Manchester & Brother, for the purpose of taking DAQUERREOTYPE LIKENESSES, in the room over the Park Saloon, where he has an excellent north light, (of all others best adapted to his business,) his Pictures are noted for Clear and Life-like eyes, and their soft and uniform shading. Pictures of all kinds copied like the original or larger. No person is expected to pay for a Likeness unless perfectly



## THE BAY-STATE COAL STOVE.



THE SUBSCRIBER having received a large assortment of Cooking Stoves would call the attention of his friends and the public generally to call and examine the following:—  
The Bay-State Coal Stove was patented in 1849, and is arranged for a perfect Coal Stove. It has been pronounced by competent judges, the most beautiful and perfect in its appearance of any Cook Stove in the market. Notice its general beauty—superior castings, both in respect to weight and finish, and the care and skill with which they are mounted.  
The May Flower, for Wood or Coal, a new pattern. The Perfect Union Stove. The air-tight Republic. The National Air-Tight. The Quincy Air-Tight.  
Foy's Eureka circulating hot air Cooking Stoves, and a good assortment of other Cooking Stoves. Also, a good assortment of Parlor Stoves for sale low.  
He would also call the attention of the public to a new and beautiful Portable Grate.  
Coggeshall & Bliss's Ranges and Beech's Ranges constantly on hand.  
The subscriber will set Culver's, Childen's, and Foy's Hot Air Furnaces, and warrant them to give good satisfaction. Persons wishing to heat their houses with a Furnace I would invite them to call and see the HEDENBURG Hot-Air Furnace, now in full operation at the store of the subscriber.  
Newport, October 27, 1849.—tf.

## Providence, Bristol &amp; Newport.

## WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, Nov. 12th, 1849, the steamboat PERRY, Capt. Woolsey, will leave Newport for Bristol and Providence every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 10 o'clock, a. m.

Returning, will leave Butler's wharf, Providence, (West side) every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 1 o'clock, P. M.  
Fare to and from Providence, 75 cents; Bristol 50 cents.  
The Perry will be in readiness to tow vessels at reasonable rates.  
Freight will be taken as low as by any other conveyance.  
For further information apply on board.  
Nov. 10.

## COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE.

THE subscribers having been appointed by the Hon. Court of Probate of the town of Newport, commissioners to receive and examine the claims against the estate of

NICHOLAS GIFFORD, decd., represented insolvent, hereby give public notice that six months from this date, are allowed the creditors of said estate to present and prove their several claims, and that we will meet at the house of John L. Cranston, on the first Saturdays of April and 2d Saturday of May next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of examining and deciding on the same.

JOHN L. CRANSTON, } Comm'rs.  
JOHN F. TENNANT, }  
STEPHEN R. SLOCUM, }

All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to

RHODA GIFFORD, Administratrix.  
Newport, Nov. 9, 1849.

## Court of Probate, Newport, holden Nov. 5, 1849.

ELIZA STANFORD, Administratrix on the estate of SYLVANUS STANFORD, late of Newport, decd., presents her third account of said estate for allowance, and for an order of distribution of the balance of said account to and among the heirs at law of said Sylvanus Stanford.

The same is read, received and referred for consideration to a Court of Probate to be holden at the Town Hall in Newport, on the first Monday in December next, the 3d day of said month, at 9 o'clock, a. m., and notice is ordered to be given thereof by advertisement for 3 successive weeks in the Newport Mercury, that all persons interested may appear at said time and place and be heard.  
B. B. ROWLAND, Probate Clerk.

## THE subscribers have concentrated their business, and formed a Co-partnership this day under the name and firm of

## NEWTON BROTHERS,

and will continue their former business on a more extensive plan at No. 186 & 188 Thames street, corner of Pelham, and respectfully solicit a continuance of patronage.

EDWARD F. NEWTON,  
JAMES R. NEWTON,  
WILLIAM NEWTON.

June 28, 1849.

## In consequence of the above arrangement, it is hereby notified that all debts due us previous to the 1st of January should be settled immediately.

E. F. & J. R. NEWTON,  
WILLIAM NEWTON.

The undersigned having associated himself with his Brothers, as above, takes this method of tendering his thanks to his customers for the very liberal patronage that has ever been extended to him, and will be much gratified for a continuance of the same at the lower store, where every inducement will be made to gratify their wishes.  
Newport, June 28, 1849.

## Coal Yard

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public that he has taken the Coal Yard and wharf recently occupied by Charles Devens, Jr., and shall be happy to supply the old customers of Mr. Devens, as well as the public generally, with the best kind of Coal.  
WM. G. PECKHAM.  
Newport, May 12, 1849.—tf.

## Building Lots for Sale.

2 VALUABLE LOTS situated on Lee street about 1/4 of a mile, south of the compact part of the town. One containing 50 feet front, and 73 feet rear, the other 50 feet front, and over 160 feet rear. This land will be sold low, if applied for soon, and terms of payment made easy. For particulars, apply to WM. LEE BARBER, Oct. 6, 1849.

## Smoke House.

HAMS CURED AND SMOKED.

THE SUBSCRIBERS have enlarged their Brick Smoke House, and are now prepared to cure and smoke Hams and other meat in the best manner, and on reasonable terms. The smoke is made from hard wood and coals.  
JOHN W. DAVIS & SON.  
Newport, Sept. 29, 1849.—tf.

## COLORED SILK VELVETS, for sale cheap

by H. SESSIONS.

## 100 BAGS BUCKWHEAT, for sale by

NEWTON BROTHERS, 186 & 188 Thames street.

## STRAW BONNETS.

Just received all the NEW STYLES of BONNETS, now worn, in White and Colored Straws, at  
261 Thames street,  
by A. SHERMAN.

## Executor's Notice.

JAMES PEARCE, having been appointed Executor of the last Will and Testament of

GODFREY PEARCE, late of Little Compton, decd., and given bond as the Law directs, all persons having claims against said estate, are requested to present them for settlement, and all indebted to make immediate payment to him.  
Little Compton, Sept. 10, 1849.

## 100 BAGS BUCKWHEAT, for sale by

NEWTON BROTHERS, 186 & 188 Thames street.

## I bought my BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS, —AT— NORMAN'S, No. 17 THAMES ST., CORNER OF MARKET SQUARE.

THE Boston Almanac, 1850.

THIS popular Annual, beautifully embellished, bound in cloth, and gilt, surpassing any previous number in the elegance of its style, and the value of its contents, will be published about the middle of November. It will contain—

A NEW RAILROAD AND TELEGRAPH MAP OF NEW ENGLAND, and the greater part of the State of New York. Over sixty Railroads are exhibited, and all the important places on the routes. It is finely engraved on steel, and is alone worth the price of the whole work.

Calendar and Memoranda Pages embellished with VIGNETTES of the TWELVE PRESIDENTS OF THE UNITED STATES, with brief Statistical Sketches imparting new information.

A complete CITY RECORD, being a systematic compilation of the various Departments of Government, Recent Laws, Finances, PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS, including the WATER WORKS, (with fine engravings,) a BUSINESS DIRECTORY of Boston, tables of Streets, Wharves, Halls, Buildings, Offices, Societies, Railroads, Telegraphs, Expresses, Omnibuses, Mails and Postages to all parts of the world; Rates of Wharfage, Weather Tables, Local Events, &c.

State Government, Probate Courts, and Commissioners of Insolvency in Massachusetts; U. S. Government—with members of Congress politically designated; General Events, during the past year of tumult and change; and many other useful Statistics.

This Almanac has 220 closely printed pages, and contains more than an ordinary 8vo. of 500 pages, which would sell for two or three dollars. For the Almanac, the price is only TWENTY-FIVE CENTS, with a liberal discount at wholesale. It is retailed at all the Stores in New England, and the cities of the South and West.

The work will in future be conducted by the late S. N. DICKINSON, its former proprietor.

Orders sent immediately to Messrs. B. B. MUSEY & CO, 29 Cornhill, or to Mr. THOMAS GROOM, 82 State street, Publishers, will be early answered. COOLIDGE & WILEY, Nov. 3.

## TO LET,

And possession given immediately.

A DWELLING HOUSE, containing 5 Rooms, situated near the Pelham House, together with a large garden. For terms apply to PETER P. REMINGTON, Newport, Sept. 29, 1849.—tf.

## PICTOU COAL,

FOR BLACKSMITH'S use, for sale on Devens' Wharf, by C. DEVENS, JR., Newport, Aug. 18.—tf.

## FOR SALE.

A modern built, two story new House situated in John street, containing ten rooms and attic; lot 57 by 85 feet. If this estate is not disposed of at private sale before, it will be sold at Auction, Sept. 1st. For particulars enquire of S. A. PARKER, Real Estate and Stock Broker. [Aug. 18.]

## COTTON WARPS.—Indigo blue, and brown Cotton Warps, of good quality, for sale by H. SESSIONS. [Sept. 15.]

## TO LET,

and possession given immediately.

THE DWELLING HOUSE on the south side of Washington square, (rear of the PARK HOUSE,) lately occupied by Mrs. H. Irish. For further particulars apply at the house next west. [Aug. 11.]

## Valuable Real Estate For Sale.

THE ESTATE on Thames street, long known as the residence of William Lee, decd., consisting of a lot of land 90 feet front and rear, and extending to the harbor, with a two story dwelling house, stable and other outbuildings thereon, and is well supplied with well and rain water; together with a Spar Yard, having a Spar Shop 70 feet long, with ample dock and wharf room, and all the necessary fixtures for prosecuting the spar-making business,—for which purpose it has been occupied for upwards of 100 years in the same family. March 31.

## FOR SALE

A NEW two-story Stone House, situated on A Spring street, about 1/4 of a mile south of the compact part of the town. If this House is very commodious and well finished, has a patent Cooking Range, bathing room, force pumps for rain and well water, &c., and commands a fine view of the town and harbor, and of the adjacent farms, with nothing to interrupt the prospect on either side. For further information apply to, R. P. LEE, At the R. I. Union Bank, Newport, March 31.—tf.

## FOR SALE,

ALL the LAND late belonging to Nathan Stanton, situated near the Wind Mills, containing about 23 acres. Those wishing to purchase will call at No. 10 Market square. GILBERT STANTON, Assignee, Newport, April 7, 1849.—tf.

## REMOVAL,

SIMON MOFFITT having removed his depot to SHERMAN STREET, about 8 rods South east from his former location, keeps constantly a variety of Window Frames & Sashes,—glazed and unglazed; Blinds and Doors,—of various sizes. He also manufactures Lock Sashes, of a superior kind, for strength and durability.

Having fitted up his shop in first rate order, he is able to turn out large or small JOBS with neatness and dispatch, and on the most reasonable terms. All those in want of such work, are respectfully invited to call and see for themselves. N. B.—Building and Repairing particularly attended to. Newport, Oct. 1, 1848.—tf.

## HEA P COUNTERPANES, for sale by

JAMES H. HAMMETT, Newport, Sept. 8, 1849.

## Farm For Sale,

THAT VALUABLE and pleasant FARM, about three miles from Newport on the West road leading to Bristol Ferry, in Middletown, containing about one hundred acres of first quality and highly cultivated tillage land, with two good dwelling-houses, out kitchen, wood house, milk room, ice house, carriage house and stable, crib, and several other small buildings. The whole Farm is walled in from 3 to 8 acres, with two orchards, a large garden, and about one acre of land on the west shore below the farm bought for the purpose of taking sea-weed and sand for the use of the Farm. For terms of payment, which will be liberal, apply to STEPHEN T. NORTHAM, in Newport.

Aug. 6, 1848.

## TO LET,

A HOUSE in Pelham street having a large kitchen, and two large cellars in the basement, and ten or eleven rooms on two floors including a spacious hall, with a yard, rainwater cistern, &c. For further particulars and terms, apply to DAVID MELVILLE, Frank Street.

Newport, March 3, 1849.—tf.

## CLOTHING

JUST RECEIVED AT THE OREGON CLOTHING STORE

A Large and Extensive assortment of FASHIONABLE READY MADE CLOTHING.

Adapted expressly to the FALL and WINTER trade. Consisting in part, of Blue, Black, and Brown Overcoats and Sacks. Under Sacks of the best quality from English, French and German cloths. Sattinet Coats and Sacks of every grade. A large assortment of Pants, consisting of Blue and Black Broadcloths and Cassimeres, Striped and Fancy Doeskins, Sattinets, Vermont Cloths, Jentucky Jeans, &c. &c.

A good assortment of Winter Vests, made of Broadcloth, Doeskin and Cassimere. Also, Vests of Silk and Satin, Valencia, Marcellise, Italian Cloth, and a great variety of styles too numerous to mention.

Piece Goods always on hand and made to order. Shirts, Bosoms, Collars, Suspenders, Gloves, Stocks, Cravats, Socks, woolen under Shirts and Drawers, and all other articles usually kept in a general furnishing and outfitting establishment.

HATS AND CAPS of the latest styles, and for sale cheap.

Besides the above we have on hand a large lot of TRUNKS, VALISES & CARPET BAGS, which may, as usual, be found here cheaper than elsewhere.

Call and see for yourselves at the OREGON CLOTHING STORE, Corner of Thames and Franklin Streets. Newport, October 13, 1849.

## GLASS!! GLASS!!

5 HUNDRED Boxes of French and American window and picture GLASS, double and single thickness sizes from 6 by 8 to 18 by 24 inches. It being the greatest selection and quantity ever introduced in this town, is now offered for sale at 20 per cent less than any other store in town, by the box or single panes. ALSO, all kinds of PAINTS, OIL, POT ASHES, &c., usually kept in a Paint store, at No. 29 Spring street. E. J. READ, Newport, March 31, 1849.—1y.

## NOTICE.

THE subscriber has moved his Soap and Candle establishment from the Stone Building on Broad street, to the building on SHERMAN street, formerly the old meeting house, (fitted and used for a short time as a Soap House, by Sanford Bell,)—where he has on hand

Hard and Soft Soap, Mould and Dipped Candles, &c., of equal quality to any made in this State or elsewhere.

Store keepers furnished at the lowest prices and sent to them free of expense. SILAS WARD, Newport, Dec. 23, 1848.—tf.

## ALL PAID IN, AND WELL INVESTED.

DIRECTORS ELECTED JUNE 9, 1847.

William Rhodes, Robert R. Stafford, Ames I. Smith, Resolved Waterman, Shubael Hutchins, Ebenezer Kelly, Nathaniel Bishop, George S. Rathbone, Caleb Harris, T. D. Bowen, Walke Humphrey, Allen O. Peck, and Samuel B. To be.

Persons wishing for Insurance are requested to direct their applications, (which should be accompanied with a particular description of the property,) per mail, to the President or Secretary of the Company, and the same will meet with prompt attention.

Applications for Insurance may be made to GEORGE BOWEN, Agent.

WALKER HUMPHREY, Secretary, American Insurance Co.'s Office, June 9, 1847.

## BRASS FOUNDER.

PLUMBER AND COPPER SMITH.

THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public that he is prepared to execute orders in the line of his business, and on the most reasonable terms. All articles usually kept in the Foundry and Copper Smith line or manufactured or constantly on hand repaired in the most expeditious and substantial manner. He has for sale a very large assortment of the latest invention of

COPPER & IRON PUMPS, among which may be enumerated—Farnam's patent Double Action Forcing and Suction; patent Hydraulics; Double action lift and force, ship steamboat Pumps, and a great variety of others which will be fitted in the best manner and warranted not to fail, until worn out.

A large assortment of such articles are usually found in an establishment of this kind, and for sale. All kinds of Job Work will be carefully attended to on the most reasonable terms. Orders left at the store will be executed with dispatch.

A share of public patronage is solicited at the most ample satisfaction will be given. Second door north of the Custom House. Nov. 20, 1847.] NATHAN M. CHAFER.

## BLEDGED and Unbleached SHIRTINGS, &amp;c.

SHIRTINGS, Crash Diapers, &c., just received by JAMES H. HAMMETT, August 18.

## NUTMEGS, Mace and Cloves, of a superior quality, ground and unground, at

R. J. TA YLORS.

## For Sale or To Let,

The pleasant House in Broad street, belonging to the estate of the late Richard K. Randolph, Esq. It contains 12 finished rooms, good well of water, cisterns, wood house, &c. &c. The rent is \$150. Apply to MISS YEOMANS, in Broad street, June 23, 1849.

## FOR SALE

ON reasonable terms, about 20 acres of excellent LAND, situated near the wind-mill. Said land is a beautiful situation for building, and has two never failing springs of water. For further information apply to FELIX PECKHAM, No. 57 Broad street, Sept. .]

## NEW BOOKS,

FOR SALE OR CIRCULATION AT

JAMES HAMMONDS,

5808 Retribution; or the vale of Shadows—a tale of Passion, by Emma D. E. Nevitt Southworth.

5809 Ellen Percy or Discipline, Miss Brunt.

5810 My Sister Minnie, by the author of the "Poor Cousin".

3421 A second visit to the United States of America, by Sir Charles Lyell.

3422 A book of the Hudson, collected from the various works of Didrich Knickerbocker, edited by Godfrey Crayon.

5811 Feats on the Fiord, a tale of Norway, by Harriet Martineau.

5812 Ada and Elfrida, or the two nieces, by Mrs. Grev.

5813 Fortunes of women by the author of "The Love".

5803 Hume's History of England new edition, 3d volumes.

5804 History of Pendergiss, his fortunes misfortunes, his friends and his greatest enemy, 3d part Thackeray.

5814 Evenings at Woodlawn, by Mrs. Elliott.

3423 Little Savage, by Maryatt.

3424 Puritan and his daughter, by Paulding.

3425 The Parent's assistant or stories for Children, by Maria Edgeworth.

5815 Maternal Love, by the author of "Fortunes of Women".

5816 Rockingham, or the younger brother—an admirable romance of real life.

5817 The Monuments of Egypt with notes of a voyage up the Nile, by Francis L. Hawks, D. D. L. D.

3426 French Revolution, History of the French Revolution by A. D. Lamartine.

3427 Robinson Crusoe's Farmyard, designed to accompany the Game of Natural History for Children.

November 3.

Court of Probate, Newport, holden Nov. 5, 1849.

THE heirs at Law of SYLVANUS STANFORD, formerly of the city of New York, but late of Newport, decd., intestate, are notified to appear at a Court of Probate of the town of Newport, to be holden at the Town Hall in Newport on the first Monday in December next, the 3d day of said month, at 9 o'clock, A. M., to prove their right to distributive Shares of the personal estate of said Sylvanus Stanford, and that notice be given thereof by advertisement for 3 successive weeks, in the Newport Mercury, that those persons interested may appear at said time and place and be heard.

B. B. HOWLAND, Probate Clerk.

## QUEEN ANNS VILLE POLISHING POW

DER,—the most beautiful ever discovered it cleans and polishes all metals—Glass, &c., and removes grease from silk or woolen fabrics, without injuring the color. Sold by R. J. TAYLOR Oct. 27.]

## Marine and Fire Insurance

THE American Insurance Company, Providence, R. I., continue to insure against LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE, on Cotton, Woolen and other Manufactures, Buildings, and Merchandise, and also against MARINE RISKS on favorable terms. The capital stock

\$150,000

ALL PAID IN, AND WELL INVESTED.

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THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public that he is prepared to execute orders in the line of his business, and on the most reasonable terms. All articles usually kept in the Foundry and Copper Smith line or manufactured or constantly on hand repaired in the most expeditious and substantial manner. He has for sale a very large assortment of the latest invention of

COPPER & IRON PUMPS, among which may be enumerated—Farnam's patent Double Action Forcing and Suction; patent Hydraulics; Double action lift and force, ship steamboat Pumps, and a great variety of others which will be fitted in the best manner and warranted not to fail, until worn out.

A large assortment of such articles are usually found in an establishment of this kind, and for sale. All kinds of Job Work will be carefully attended to on the most reasonable terms. Orders left at the store will be executed with dispatch.

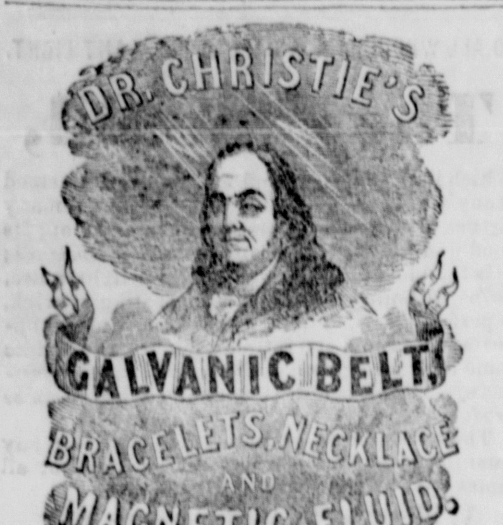
A share of public patronage is solicited at the most ample satisfaction will be given. Second door north of the Custom House. Nov. 20, 1847.] NATHAN M. CHAFER.

## BLEDGED and Unbleached SHIRTINGS, &amp;c.

SHIRTINGS, Crash Diapers, &c., just received by JAMES H. HAMMETT, August 18.

## NUTMEGS, Mace and Cloves, of a superior quality, ground and unground, at

R. J. TA YLORS.



## For the Removal and Permanent Cure of all NERVOUS DISEASES,

And of those Complaints which are caused by an impaired, weakened or unhealthy condition of the NERVOUS SYSTEM.

This beautiful and convenient application of the mysterious powers of GALVANISM and MAGNETISM, has been pronounced by distinguished physicians, both in Europe and the United States, to be the most valuable medicinal discovery of the age.

## Dr. CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC BELT and MAGNETIC FLUID,

is used with the most perfect and certain success in all cases of

## GENERAL DEBILITY.

Strengthening the weakened body, giving tone to the various organs, and invigorating the entire system. Also in FITS, CRAMP, PARALYSIS and PALSIES, DYSPEPSIA or INDIGESTION, RHEUMATISM, ACUTE and CHRONIC, GOUT, NEURALGIA, LUMBAGO, DEAFNESS, NERVOUS TREMORS, PALPITATION OF THE HEART, APPOXY, NEURALGIA, PAINS IN THE SIDE AND CHEST, LIVER COMPLAINT, SPINAL COMPLAINT, and CURVATURE OF THE SPINE, HIP COMPLAINT, DISEASES OF THE KIDNEYS, DEFECTION OF NERVOUS and PHYSICAL ENERGY, and all NERVOUS DISEASES, which complaints arise from one simple cause—namely,

## A Derangement of the Nervous System.

IN NERVOUS COMPLAINTS, Drugs and Medicines increase the disease, for they weaken the vital energies of the already prostrated system. Hence the necessity of strengthening, life-giving, invigorating, and tonic, as applied by this beautiful and wonderful discovery, the exhausted patient and weakened sufferer is restored to former health, strength, and vigor.

The great peculiarity and excellence of

## Dr. Christie's Galvanic Curatives,

consists, in the fact that they arrest and cure disease by outward application, in place of the usual mode of drug and physic, which the patient, till exhausted Nature sinks hopelessly under the treatment.

They strengthen the whole system, equalize the circulation of the blood, promote the secretions, and never do the slightest injury under any circumstances. Since their introduction in the United States, only three years since more than

## 60,000 Persons